
Quantum Information Theory

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Problem Set #1

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Problem 1.1 The Hadamard Gate

An important qubit transformation in quantum information theory is the Hadamard gate. In the basis of σ_z , it takes the form

$$H = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (1)$$

That is to say, if $|0\rangle$ and $|1\rangle$ are the σ_z eigenstates, corresponding to eigenvalues $+1$ and -1 , respectively, then

$$H = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 1| + |1\rangle\langle 0| - |1\rangle\langle 1|) \quad (2)$$

- Show that H is unitary.
- What are the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of H ?
- What form does H take in the basis of σ_x ? σ_y ?
- Give a geometric interpretation of the action of H in terms of the Bloch sphere.

Problem 1.2 State Distinguishability

One way to understand the cryptographic abilities of quantum mechanics is from the fact that non-orthogonal states cannot be perfectly distinguished.

- In the course of a quantum key distribution protocol, suppose that Alice randomly chooses one of the following two states and transmits it to Bob:

$$|\varphi_0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle), \quad \text{or} \quad |\varphi_1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + i|1\rangle). \quad (3)$$

Eve intercepts the qubit and performs a measurement to identify the state. The measurement consists of the orthogonal states $|\psi_0\rangle$ and $|\psi_1\rangle$, and Eve guesses the transmitted state was $|\varphi_0\rangle$ when she obtains the outcome $|\psi_0\rangle$, and so forth. What is the probability that Eve correctly guesses the state, averaged over Alice's choice of the state for a given measurement? What is the optimal measurement Eve should make, and what is the resulting optimal guessing probability?

- Now suppose Alice randomly chooses between two states separated by an angle θ on the Bloch sphere. What is the measurement which optimizes the guessing probability? What is the resulting probability of correctly identifying the state?

Problem 1.3 Fidelity

- a) Given a qubit prepared in a completely unknown state $|\psi\rangle$, what is the *fidelity* F of a random guess $|\varphi\rangle$, where $F(|\varphi\rangle, |\psi\rangle) = |\langle\varphi|\psi\rangle|^2$? The fidelity can be thought of as the probability that an input state (the guess) $|\varphi\rangle$ passes the “ ψ ” test, which is the measurement in the basis $|\psi\rangle, |\psi^\perp\rangle$.
- b) In order to improve the guess, we might make a measurement of the qubit, say along the \hat{z} axis. Given the result $k \in \{0, 1\}$, our guess is then the state $|k\rangle$. What is the average fidelity of the guess after the measurement, i.e. the probability of passing the “ ψ ” test?